1 2 3 4 5 6 7	FILED / ENDORSED JUL 2 8 2009 Bur By Christa Beebout, Deputy Clerk
8 9	SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO
10	CALIFORNIA ASSOCIATION OF PROFESSIONAL SCIENTISTS, Case No. 34-2008-00014476-CU-WM-GDS Department 33
11 12	Petitioner,
13	v. <u>JUDGMENT</u>
14	STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION;
15	DAVID GILB, DIRECTOR OF DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL
16	ADMINISTRATION; STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE; MICHAEL GENEST,
17	DIRECTOR OF FINANCE; STATE CONTROLLER JOHN CHIANG; and
18	DOES 1 THROUGH 10, INCLUSIVE,
19	Respondents.
20 21	The above-entitled cause came on regularly for hearing on September 19, 2008, and
21	April 24, 2009, in Department 33 of the above-entitled court, the Honorable Lloyd G. Connelly
23	presiding. Attorney Gerald James appeared for petitioner; Labor Relations Counsel Jennifer M.
24	Garten appeared for respondents State of California Department of Personnel Administration and
25	David Gilb; and Deputy Attorney General Kimberly J. Graham appeared for respondents State of
26	California Department of Finance, Michael Genest, and State Controller John Chiang.
27	After considering the pleadings, evidence and written and oral arguments presented
28	by the parties, the court orally stated its decision to partially grant petitioner's claim. As more
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fully set forth in the hearing transcript, the court found that that respondents have a duty to
implement a recommendation for adjustments to the salary ranges for 14 supervising scientist
classifications in the state civil service, made by respondent Director of the Department of
Personnel Administration on April 28, 2008, pursuant to the principle in subdivision (a) of
Government Code section 19826 "that like salaries shall be paid for comparable duties and
responsibilities."

7 The court recognized that the Department of Personnel Administration was 8 precluded by section 19826 from making the recommended salary adjustments for the 9 supervising scientist classifications in the absence of existing appropriations that could be used 10 for salary increase purposes. The evidence presented by the parties established that the 11 recommended salary adjustments would require expenditures in excess of existing appropriations 12 in Budget Item 9800, the provision of the Budget Act containing legislative appropriations for 13 state employees' salary increases. The appropriations remaining in Budget Item 9800, based on a 14 Budget Act Log previously compiled by the Department of Finance from information about state 15 employee salary increases negotiated and recommended by the Department of Personnel, were 16 fully obligated.

17 The court found that, in the absence of existing appropriations to make the 18 recommended salary adjustments for the supervising scientist classifications, respondents must 19 take all feasible steps to present the recommended salary adjustments to the Legislature for 20 consideration of whether to appropriate funds needed to make the adjustments. The Department 21 of Personnel Administration is statutorily responsible for insuring like pay for like work, 22 specifically under the like-pay-for-like-work principle stated in subdivision (a) of section 19826 23 and broadly under the legislative purpose stated in subdivision (c)(1) of Government Code 24 section 18500, to provide a state civil service system in which positions involving comparable 25 duties and responsibilities are similarly classified and compensated. Pursuant to this statutory 26 responsibility and legislative purpose, the Department of Personnel Administration must inform 27 the Legislature of the need for funds to make the salary adjustments recommended on the basis of 28 the statutory like-pay-for-like-work principle. Likewise, in the course of preparing the

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1 Governor's Budget, the Department of Finance must include accurate information provided by 2 the Department of Personnel Administration regarding the amount of funds needed for the 3 recommended salary adjustments in a Budget Act Log or other document presented to the 4 Legislature for its consideration in appropriating funds for state employees' salary increases. 5 Withholding that information from the Legislature and allowing the recommended salary 6 adjustments to founder would degrade the statutory like-pay-for-like-work principle section 7 19862 and defeat the related legislative purpose in section 18500. (See State Trial Attorneys' 8 Association v. State of California (1976) 63 Cal.App.3d 298, 303-305.) 9 WHEREFORE IT IS ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that: 10 1. A peremptory writ of mandate shall issue from this court requiring respondents 11 to perform the following acts: 12 a. Respondents Department of Personnel Administration and Director of the 13 Department of Personnel Administration shall to make salary adjustments for the 14 supervisory 14 scientist classifications recommended by the Director of the Department on April 28, 2008, 15 pursuant to the like-pay-for-like-work principle in subdivision (a) of Government Code section 16 19826 to the extent that the adjustments do not require expenditures in excess of existing 17 appropriations that may be used for salary purposes. 18 b. For as long as the adjustments recommended for the 14 supervisory scientist 19 classifications require expenditures in excess of existing appropriations that may be used for 20 salary purposes, respondents Department of Finance and the Director of Finance shall include 21 accurate information furnished by respondent Department of Personnel Administration about the 22 amount of funds needed for the salary adjustments in a Budget Act Log or other document 23 presented to the Legislature for its consideration in appropriating funds for state employees' 24 salary increases. Respondents shall continue to present this information to the Legislature in a 25 suitable document until the Legislature appropriates funds needed to implement the 26 recommended adjustments pursuant to the like-pay-for-like-work principle in subdivision (a) of 27 Government Code section 19826 or until respondents Department of Personnel Administration 28 and Director of the Department of Personnel Administration determine in an appropriate quasi-

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1	legislative proceeding that the factual basis for the recommended solary adjustments is no longer
	legislative proceeding that the factual basis for the recommended salary adjustments is no longer
2	valid. Respondents shall apprise petitioner of their actions pursuant to this paragraph six months
3	after they receive personal service of this writ and no less than every six months thereafter until
4	the Legislature appropriates the funds needed to make recommended salary adjustments or until
5	respondents Department of Personnel Administration and Director of the Department of
6	Personnel Administration determine in an appropriate quasi-legislative proceeding that the
7	factual basis for the recommended salary adjustments is no longer valid.
8	3. Petitioner shall recover its costs of suit pursuant to rule 3.1700 of the California
9	Rules of Court.
10	Dated: JUL 28 2009
11	LLOYD G. CONNELLY
12	Judge of the Superior Court
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